_experience the commitment





IM/IT Governance and Portfolio Management

Presented to: Open Group EA Conference Brussels

Date: 21st of April, 2004

Prepared by:

Robert (Bob) Weisman, Partner and Executive Consultant, EA Leader, CGI

Contact: robert.weisman@cgi.com or (613)566-4689

Issues at Hand

- Why IT Governance ?
- What is IT Governance ?
- Linkage IT Governance and Portfolio Management
- Linkage Portfolio Management/Governance and EA
- Project Generation Paradigm
- Concluding Comments





Why IT Governance?

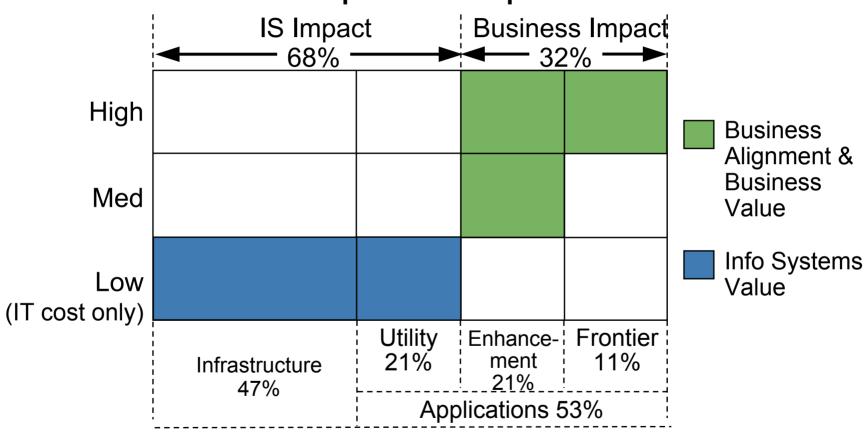
- High IT Project Failure Rate
- ROI on IT
- Auditors
- Analyst Premium
- IT is key government and corporate enabler
- Sarbanes Oxley
- Demographics
- Technology chasing perception





About One-Third of IT Spending Improves Business Performance (Gartner)

Contribution to Improved Enterprise Performance



Typical Portfolio of IT Investments
Share of Total IT Spending

(Courtesy Gartner Group Dec 2003)





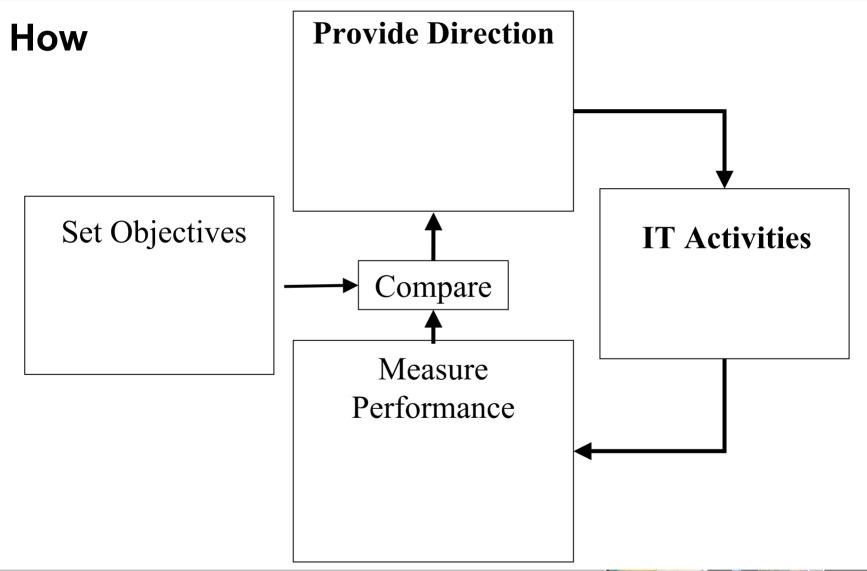
What is IT Governance?

- Integral part of enterprise governance
- Directors and executive management
- Leadership, organizational structures and processes
- Accountability, Responsibilities and Authority
- Ensure IT alignment





IT Governance Processes







Summary of Governance Best Practices IT Governance and Portfolio Management

- 1 Adopt a <u>Project Portfolio Approach</u> to IT Governance
- 2 Develop a Tracking System
- 3 Review Projects
- 4 Establish Review Levels
- 5 Culture of Ownership
- 6 Clear IT Governance "process" is established
 - Clear accountability, responsibility and authority
- 7 Adherence to Process





Enterprise Architecture (EA) and Portfolio Management

- Process of Management sterile in absence of context
- Need for Context
 - Skyscraper has an overall plan
 - Not designed and built one room at a time no matter how well managed
- Actually skyscrapers are partially built one room at a time
 - EA provides the basic floor plan and utilities lay-out
 - Provides basis for "out of context" design and planning
- In IT Enterprise Architecture provides context
 - Different levels of abstraction





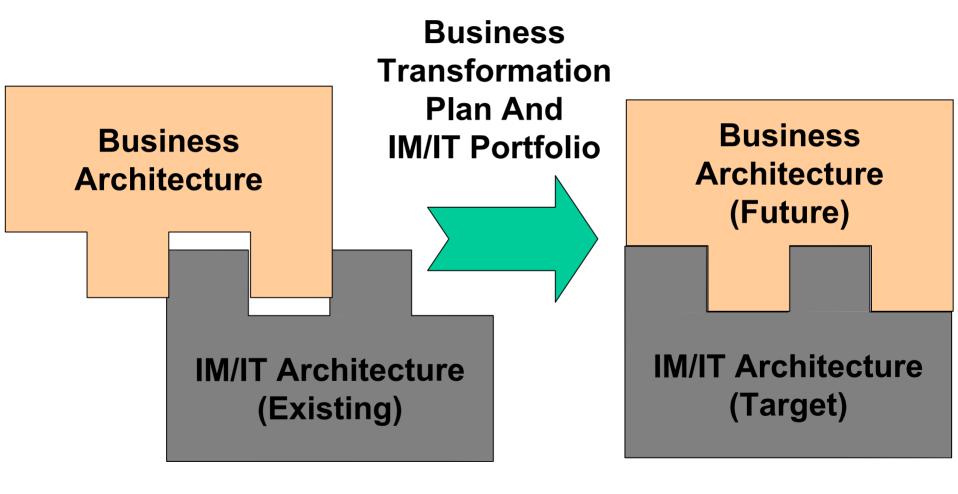
The Zachman Framework – An EA Model

	What	How	Where	Who	When	Why		
	Data	Process	Network	People	Time	Motivation		
Scope/Objectives (Board)	Business Architecture							
Model of Business (CxO)								
Description of IS (Designer)	Business and Technical Architecture Transition							
Technology Model (Architect)								
Detailed Description (Builder)	Technology Architecture							
Implementation (Maintainer)								





IT Governance – Managing the Migration To a New Enterprise Architecture using Projects







EA Enables Strategic Project Generation

EA enables proactive Strategic Project Generation

Tactical Project Generation

Tactical IT Project

Tactical IT Need

Tactical **Business Need**



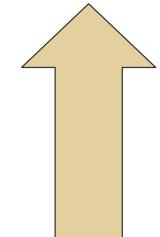
Strategic Enterprise Tech Arch

Strategic IT Project



Tactical IT Need

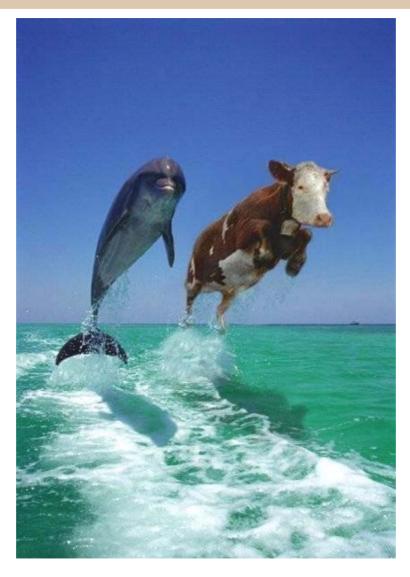
Tactical **Business Need**







EA in Governance Ensures Strategic Fit





IT Governance Who

Board

- Board of Directors
- IM/IT Strategy Committee

Executive Management – CEO

- Project Portfolio Management Board for all projects
- Chaired by CEO
- Heads of the lines of business including CIO

Committees – CIO

- IT Steering Committee Chaired by CIO All IT Projects
- Technology Council Impact
- IT Arch Review Board Standards/Conformance

IM/IT Strategy
Committee

Corporate
Portfolio
Management
Board

Information
Management
Advisory
Committee
(IMAC)



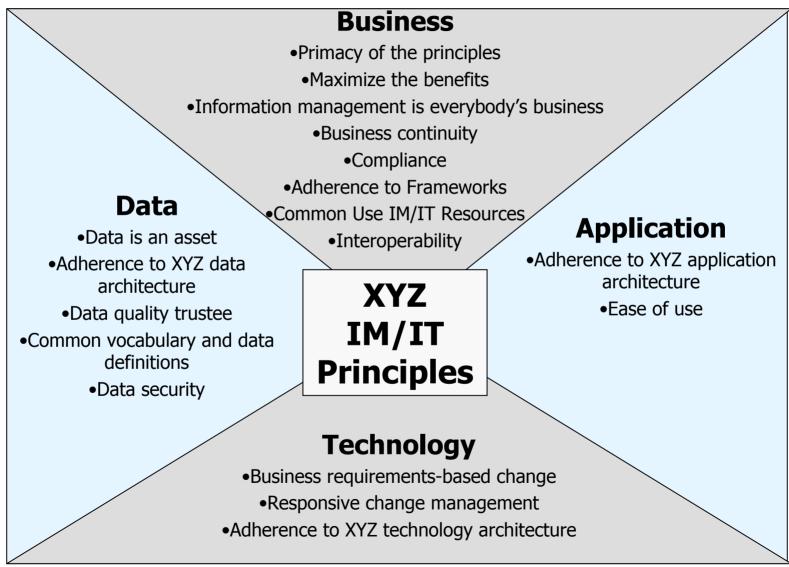


Assessing the Projects - Metrics

- Principles
- CIO IM/IT Metrics
- **CEO Strategic Metrics**
- Applying the Metrics



Principles – The Initial Hurdle (A Real World Example using TOGAF)







Principles The Project Charter's First Hurdle

- Data Is an Asset
 - Is Data being managed as a business asset ??



- Does the project fit into the XYZ Data Arch?
- Data Quality Trustee
 - Does the project manage data quality?
- Common Vocabulary and Data Definitions
 - Will the project re-use corporate data standards?
- Data Security
 - Does the project cater to security concerns/policy?















Principles – The Underlying Assumptions

- Existence of a Integrated Business Plan
- Business Participation and Ownership
- Existence of IM/IT Architectures
 - Data
 - Application
 - Technology
- Existence of Higher Level Governance



Performance Metrics/Assessment Criteria A CIO Perspective

- ■IM/IT Value
- ■IM/IT Fit
- ■IM/IT Risk



IM/IT Value Metrics - CIO View

- Greater Customer Satisfaction
- Reduced Costs
- Increased Capability: Stability & Reliability

- Increased Capability: Compliance
- Increased Capability: Security



IM/IT Fit Metrics - CIO View

Current Business Environment

Business ready ?

Current Technical Environment

The ability of the project to enhance the current environment.

Future Technical Environment

The contribution of the project to the future (target) environment.



IM/IT Risk Metrics - CIO View

- Implementation Risk:
 More expensive than planned
- Implementation Risk:
 Longer than planned
- Operational Risk:
 Project Will Not Complete



Strategic Metrics - A CEO Perspective

- ■IM/IT Value
- ■IM/IT Fit
- ■IM/IT Risk



Strategic Value - CEO Perspective

- Return on Investment from more 'macro' perspective.
- Clearly define the dimension of ROI for the environment. (e.g. cash, person-days, speed of delivery,...)
- CEOs assign broad values (low, medium or high)
 - Short Term: Return likely to be low, medium or high?
 - Long Term: may be no short-term benefit





Strategic Fit - CEO Perspective

- Strategic fit versus technical fit
- CEO seeks fit into the agency's business strategy.
- CEO may modify CIO's rating to reflect project's longer-term fit with the corporate strategic direction



Strategic Risk - CEO Perspective

Risk is rated from a 'macro' perspective

Risk is essential to remain competitive, just has to be managed

CEO regards risk from two perspectives:

- Economic Risk if corporate environment changes
- Organizational Risk if corporate organizational changes are pending



Applying the Metrics

- Project Assessment Sheet
 - CIO Perspective
 - CEO Perspective
- Value Risk Quadrant
- PPMB Using Value-Risk
 - Generalized cases
 - Considering Project Status



Project Review – CIO Perspective (Actual Case Study)

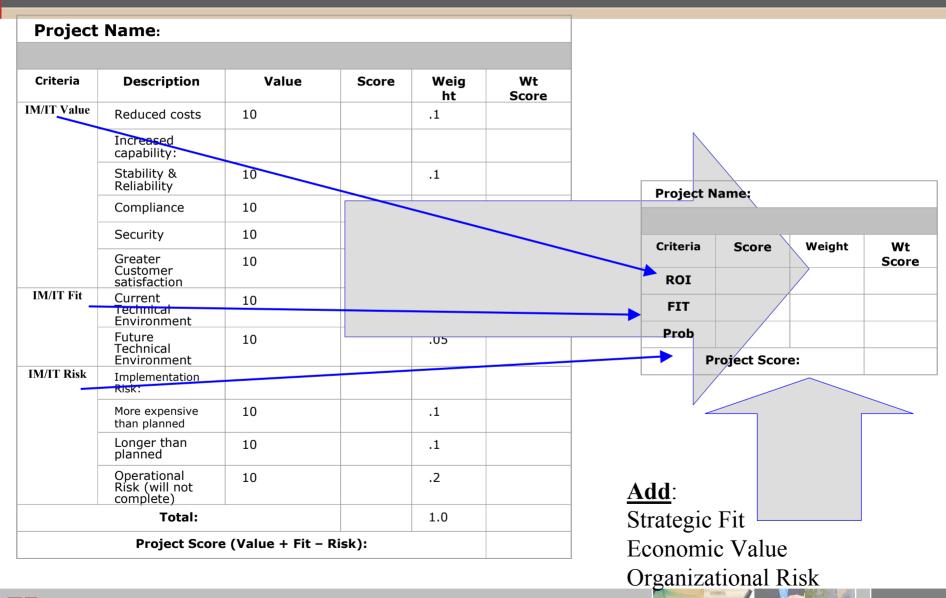
Project Name:

Criteria	Description	Value	Score	Weight	Wt Score
IM/IT Value	Reduced costs	10		.1	
	Increased Capability:				
	* Stability/Reliability	10		.1	
	* Compliance	10		.05	
	* Security	10		.05	
	Greater Customer satisfaction	10		.1	
IM/IT Fit	Current Technical Environment	10		.15	
	Future Technical Environment	10		.05	
IM/IT Risk	Implementation Risk:				
	* More expensive than planned	10		.1	
	* Longer than planned	10		.1	
	Operational Risk (will not complete)	10		.2	
Total: 1.0					



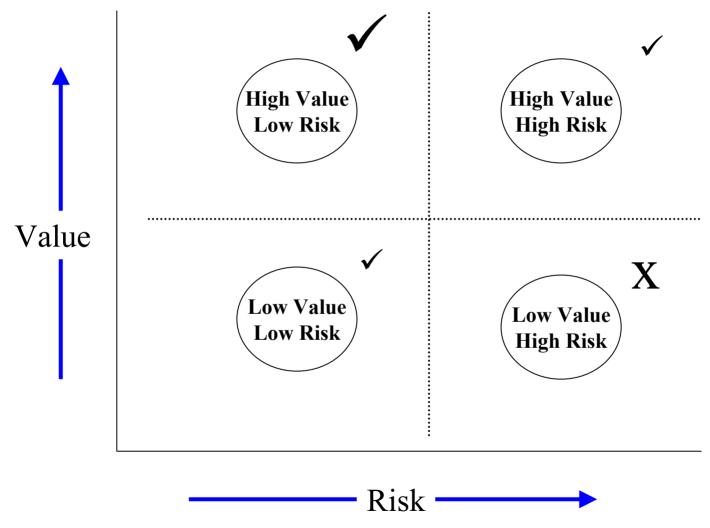


Project Review - The CEO Perspective





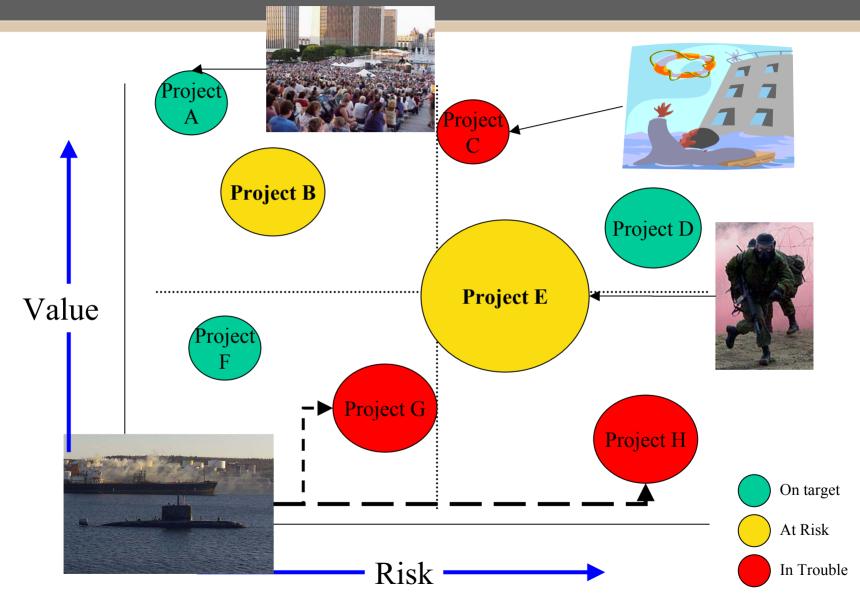
Projects in a Portfolio







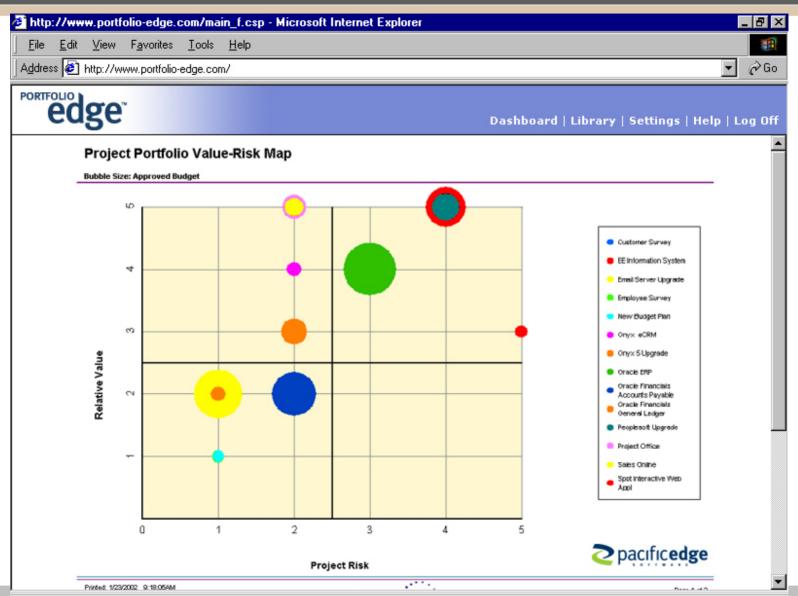
Project Portfolio - Utility







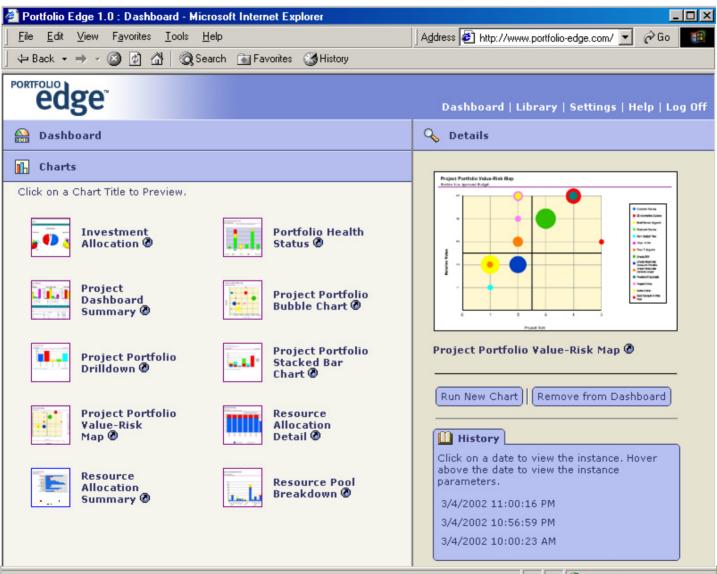
Example of Tools Available (Courtesy Gartner)







Portfolio Management Tools – 2 (Courtesy Gartner)







Implement an IT Governance Implementation Plan

Steps

- Set up a governance organizational framework;
- Align IT strategy with business goals,
- Understand and define risks,
- Define target areas,
- Analyze current capability and identify gaps;
- Define implementation strategies/activities
- Define implementation projects
- Measure results and repeat

To assist in IT assessment, gap analysis and performance management

- Control Objectives for Information and related Technology (CobiT)
- US FEAF Performance Reference Model





Project Management

- Great governance and great plans poorly implemented are useless
- Great project management and poor plans and poor governance are useless
- Project management IT Achilles Heel
- Project Management Institute
 - solid guidelines
 - PMP designation
- Project Management Centre of Expertise
 - Corporate asset for all projects
 - Very useful to increase success of projects





IT Governance Who and When

IT Governance Maturity Model (IT Governance Institute)

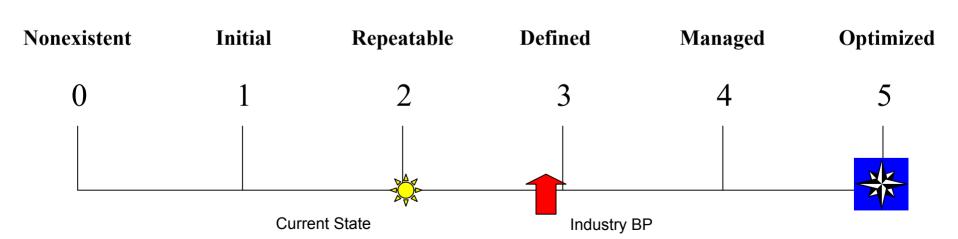
- 0 Nonexistent
- Management processes are not applied at all

■ 1 – Initial

- Process are ad hoc and disorganized
- 2 Repeatable
- Processes follow a regular pattern

■ 3 – Defined

- Processes are documented and communicated
- 4 Managed
- Processes are monitored and measured
- 5 Optimized
- Best practices are followed and automated







Operational Level Governance IT Infrastructure Library (ITIL)

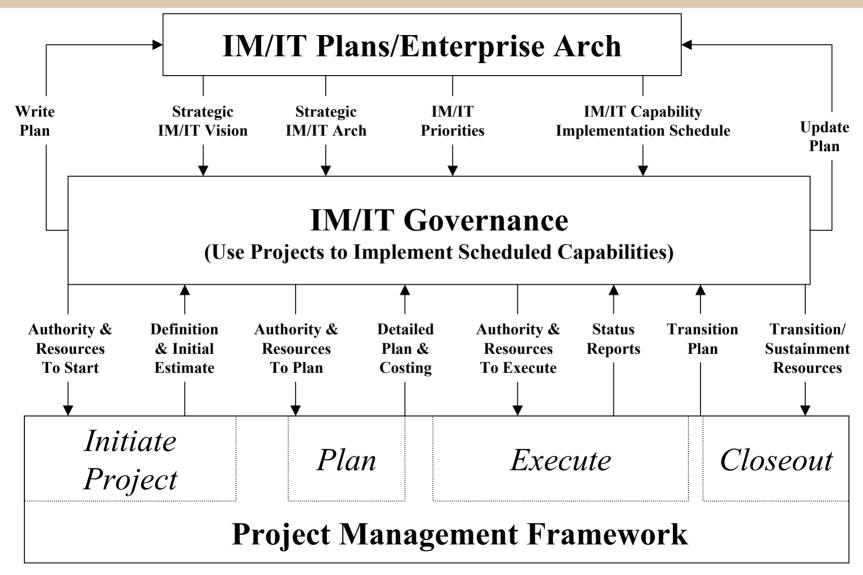
- Emerging Operational Level Management Framework
- Based upon "Best Practices" for sustaining IM/IT infrastructures
- Strategic Governance has to empower operational level managers
- Consists of following services:
 - >Service Desk
 - >Incident Management
 - > Problem Management
 - > Change Management
 - >Release Management
 - Configuration Management

- >Service Level Management
- >IT Service Continuity Management
- >Availability Management
- > Capacity Management
- >Financial Management





Initiative Synchronization – It All Fits







IT Governance - Concluding Comments

■ IT Governance part of overall Enterprise Governance

- Manage IT like any other corporate asset
- IT becoming key corporate value delivery enabler

Existing body of governance knowledge

- E.g. Information Technology Governance Institute, OECD
- ITIL (UK Office of Government Commerce)

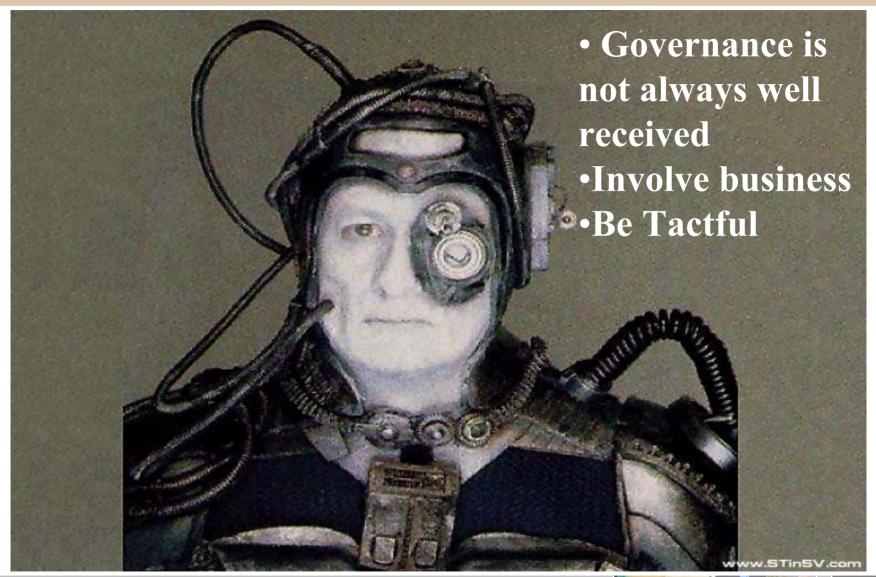
■ Enterprise Architecture for

- strategic alignment,
- efficient resource management and
- capability delivery
- Project Management to implement
- Incrementally move up Governance Maturity Model





We are Corporate CIO. Resistance is Futile. You will be assimilated.





Thank-you for your attention

Questions?



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